

**MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
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**INSPECTION WORK OF THE INSPECTION COMMITTEES OF
WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI AT PRESENT**

**PHD THESIS MAJORING IN
PARTY BUILDING AND STATE GOVERNMENT**

SUMMARY OF PHD THESIS

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INTRODUCTION

1. The urgency of the topic

Throughout the entire process of leading the revolution, the Communist Party of Vietnam has consistently regarded inspection and supervision as a particularly important leadership function, closely associated with maintaining organizational principles, discipline, and unity within the Party. From a very early stage, President Ho Chi Minh emphasized that leadership without inspection is tantamount to no leadership, thereby affirming the irreplaceable role of inspection in ensuring the effective implementation of the Party's lines and resolutions. The practical experience of more than 90 years of the Party's formation and development demonstrates that wherever inspection work is conducted seriously and in depth, Party discipline is upheld, and the leadership capacity and combat strength of Party organizations are enhanced; conversely, lax inspection often leads to consequences such as degradation, disciplinary violations, and a decline in the people's trust.

Entering a new stage of development, in the context of comprehensively advancing renovation, building a socialist rule-of-law state, and deepening international integration, the requirements for Party building and rectification have become increasingly high, comprehensive, and urgent. The Documents of the Fourteenth National Congress of the Communist Party of Vietnam reaffirm the need to strengthen inspection and supervision, "control power; resolutely and persistently combat corruption, wastefulness, bureaucracy, and negativity, as well as 'self-evolution' and 'self-transformation' within the internal apparatus" [40, Vol. 1, pp. 83–84], considering this a key solution for building a clean and strong Party. This demonstrates that inspection work is not limited to the function of detecting and handling violations, but also plays a preventive and warning role, contributing to the improvement of power control mechanisms under new conditions.

Recent practice shows that the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi has achieved positive changes in both content and methods of implementation; Party discipline and order have been strengthened, and many violations have been promptly detected and handled. However, several noteworthy limitations remain, including: incomplete awareness among some Party committees; the formulation of inspection programs that is still formalistic; uneven capacity and competence among inspection personnel; slow detection of signs of violations; limited effectiveness in prevention; and insufficiently close coordination mechanisms among actors within the political system. If not promptly addressed, these limitations will not only affect the effectiveness of inspection work but also negatively impact the leadership and management quality of ward-level Party committees and authorities, as well as the activities of the Vietnam Fatherland Front and socio-political organizations at the ward level.

From a theoretical perspective, although numerous studies have addressed the Party's inspection and supervision work, there remains a gap in systematic and in-depth research on the inspection work of Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees under the specific conditions of a special urban area such as Hanoi. Many issues have not been fully clarified or have not kept pace with practice, particularly those related to the characteristics of inspection in a rapidly urbanizing environment, coordination mechanisms between Party inspection, state administrative inspection, and public supervision, as well as criteria for evaluating inspection effectiveness in the context of digital transformation and international integration.

Based on the above analysis, the selection of the research topic *“Inspection Work of the Inspection Committee of Ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi at Present”* is necessary and carries both theoretical and practical significance. The study not only contributes to clarifying the theoretical foundations of Party inspection work at the urban grassroots level but also accurately assesses the current situation, identifies emerging issues, and proposes feasible solutions to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of inspection work in the current period, thereby meeting the requirements of Party building and rectification in the spirit of the Documents of the Fourteenth National Congress.

2. Research purpose and tasks

2.1. Research purpose

On the basis of clarifying theoretical and practical issues related to the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi, and through an analysis of the current situation, the thesis proposes directions and solutions to strengthen the inspection work of these committees in the new context.

2.2. Research tasks

- To review studies related to the thesis topic, synthesise their key findings as a basis for inheritance and further development, and identify issues that require continued clarification in the thesis.

- To analyse and clarify theoretical and practical issues concerning the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi; to develop operational and central concepts; and to construct the theoretical framework of the thesis.

- To survey and assess the current state of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi from 2020 to the present; to identify strengths, limitations, and their causes; and to draw practical lessons.

- To analyse favourable conditions and challenges affecting the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi in the new context, and to propose directions and solutions to strengthen this work.

3. Study subjects and scope of the thesis

3.1. Study subjects

The inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi at present.

3.2. Scope of the thesis

- *Spatial scope:* The thesis examines the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi, covering 51 wards in the city at present.

- *Time scope:* The thesis surveys and analyses the current state of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi from 2020 to the present; the proposed directions and solutions are valid through to 2040.

4. Theoretical, practical basis and research methods of the thesis

4.1. Theoretical basis

The theoretical foundation of the thesis is grounded in Marxism-Leninism, Ho Chi Minh Thought, and the viewpoints of the Communist Party of Vietnam on inspection, supervision, and Party inspection work, including that of inspection committees at all levels.

4.2. Practical basis

The practical basis of this thesis is the current state of inspection work carried out by the Party Committee's Inspection Committee at the ward level in Hanoi from 2020 to the present.

4.3. Research methods

- The thesis employs the methodology of Marxism-Leninism.
- The thesis uses a combination of research methods from political science and interdisciplinary studies, including: systematisation; analysis combined with synthesis; the logical-historical method; surveys and practical reviews; inductive and deductive methods; statistical and comparative methods; and sociological investigation.

5. Scientific contributions of the thesis

- Concept: The inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi refers to the activities of these committees in formulating their inspection programs and plans for each term and on an annual basis; issuing inspection decisions in accordance with the Party Charter; organising implementation; participating in and serving as the core force in inspections conducted by the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee; participating in inspections conducted by the office and Party-building commissions of the ward-level Party Committee when required; providing professional training and guidance on inspection work and Party discipline for lower-level Party committees and officials; conducting preliminary and final reviews and drawing lessons learned; thereby contributing to building a clean and strong ward-level Party organisation and ensuring the successful implementation of its political tasks.

- A context-specific experience: From 2020 to the present, one distinctive experience in the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi has been the emphasis on improving the capacity, qualifications, and political steadfastness of inspection personnel.

- A breakthrough solution: A key breakthrough solution for strengthening the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi in the coming period is to build strong inspection committees, their assisting bodies, and the contingent of committee members to effectively meet the requirements of enhanced inspection work.

6. Theoretical and practical significance of the thesis

The thesis contributes to further clarifying theoretical issues related to the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi at present.

The research findings of the thesis can serve as reference materials for the Hanoi Party Committee, ward-level Party Committees, and Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in strengthening inspection work in the coming period.

The research findings can also be used as reference materials for teaching, learning, and research on Party building at Le Hong Phong Cadre School in Hanoi and at ward-level political training centres across the city.

7. Structure of the thesis

Apart from the introduction, conclusion, list of the author's published works related to the thesis topic, references, and appendices, the thesis consists of 4 chapters and 9 sections.

Chapter 1

OVERVIEW OF AVAILABLE RESEARCH RELATED TO THE TOPICS

1.1. RESEARCH OUTSIDE VIETNAM

1.1.1. Studies related to the Party's inspection work and Party committees' inspection work

Katz, R.S. & Crotty, W. (Eds.) (2006), *Handbook of Party Politics*, Thousand Oaks, London. (*Sổ tay chính trị đảng phái*)

Sousa, L., Sanches, E. R., & Coroado, S. (2023), *Mapping ethics self-regulation within political parties*, *Party Politics*, 29(5), 892-905. (*Bản đồ hóa cơ chế tự điều chỉnh đạo đức trong các chính đảng*)

Tran Hao (2026), *Promoting reform of disciplinary inspection and supervision institutions and advancing the improvement of the Party and State supervision system*, Central Commission for Discipline Inspection and Supervision Website.

Wang Si'an & Zhang Zijian (2026), *Special Report 2025: High-quality disciplinary inspection and supervision work has achieved new progress and results*, Central Commission for Discipline Inspection and Supervision Website.

Yuan Zhiguo & Ni Xing (2024), *Regulating the point of convergence: Mechanisms for effective supervision by dispatched disciplinary inspection and supervision bodies*, *Yuelu Journal of Public Administration*, No. 3 (3), pp. 72–83.

Sun Shaolong, Lai Xing & Huang Qinggang (2025), *Persisting in promoting high-quality development of disciplinary inspection and supervision work in the new era*, Xinhua News Agency.

Inspection and Supervision Office No. 11, Central Commission for Discipline Inspection and National Supervisory Commission (2023), *Focusing on core tasks, strictly fulfilling duties and responsibilities, and promoting high-quality development of inspection and supervision work*, *China Inspection and Supervision Journal*.

1.1.2. Studies related to the inspection work of Party organisations of ruling political parties in some countries

Anyang Municipal Commission for Discipline Inspection and Supervision (2020), *Focusing on grassroots foundations and addressing supervision gaps: A summary of the standardisation and institutionalisation of disciplinary inspection and supervision work at the commune/ward level across the city*.

Fang Suohong (2025), *Implementing the spirit of the Fourth Plenary Session of the Central Commission for Discipline Inspection: Continuously improving the quality and effectiveness of grassroots disciplinary inspection and supervision*, Central Commission for Discipline Inspection and Supervision Website.

Teng Jiakai (2020), *Focusing on enhancing the supervisory capacity of grassroots disciplinary inspection and supervision bodies*, *China Discipline Inspection Journal*.

Lu Xintong (2022), *A study on the performance of duties by grassroots disciplinary inspection and supervision bodies in the context of implementing the rural revitalisation strategy: A case study of Town S, Shandong Province*, Shandong University of Finance and Economics.

Liu Shilin & Li Hui (2014), *Dual leadership system and multitasking: An empirical study on the difficulties of supervision by township-level disciplinary inspection organisations in China*, *Journal of Public Administration Research*.

1.2. RESEARCH IN VIETNAM

1.2.1. Studies related to the inspection work of the Communist Party of Vietnam

Bui Anh Tuan (2015), *Verification and appraisal in the Party's inspection work in the current period*, Doctoral thesis, Ho Chi Minh National Academy of Politics, Hanoi.

Pham Quang Thanh (2016), *The quality of inspection and supervision work of Party Committees at academies and officer training schools of the Vietnam People's Army at present*, Doctoral thesis, Political Academy, Ministry of National Defence.

Tran Cam Tu & Cao Van Thong (2017), *Inspection, supervision, and enforcement of Party discipline*, National Political Publishing House – Truth, Hanoi.

Ly Van Thang (2019), *Solutions to improve the quality of inspection of Party organisations under provincial Party Committees and officials and Party members under the management of the Provincial Party Standing Committee when there are signs of violations in Lang Son province in the current period*, Provincial-level research project, Lang Son Provincial Party Inspection Committee, Lang Son.

Doan Manh Hung (2020), *Applying Ho Chi Minh Thought to the inspection and supervision work of the Communist Party of Vietnam at present*, University of Social Sciences and Humanities, Hanoi.

Ha Quoc Tri (2020), *Renewing self-criticism and criticism in Party inspection and discipline work*, *Electronic Communist Review*, Hanoi.

Cao Van Thong (2021), *Improving fundamental methods for conducting inspection, supervision, and enforcement of Party discipline*, National Political Publishing House – Truth, Hanoi.

Mai Truc (2022), *Power control in Vietnam through inspection, supervision, and Party discipline*, National Political Publishing House – Truth, Hanoi.

Tran Van Tinh (2022), *Preventing and combating corruption and negativity in central-level state administrative agencies through inspection and supervision work*, National Political Publishing House – Truth, Hanoi.

Nguyen Phu Trong (2023), *Resolutely and persistently combating corruption and negativity, contributing to building a cleaner and stronger Party and State*, National Political Publishing House – Truth, Hanoi.

Le Dinh Hong (2023), *Inspection and supervision work of Party Committees at universities and academies of the People's Public Security forces in Hanoi at present*, Doctoral thesis, Academy of Journalism and Communication, Hanoi.

Nguyen Thi Thu Huyen (2023), *President Ho Chi Minh's viewpoints on inspection work and their application by our Party in the renovation period*, *Journal of Political Theory*, No. 546 (August 2023), Ho Chi Minh National Academy of Politics, Hanoi.

Phan Thang An (2024), *The Party's inspection and supervision of cadre work*, National Political Publishing House – Truth, Hanoi.

Nguyen Thi Thanh (2025), *Inspection and supervision of Party members by the Communist Party of Vietnam at present in accordance with Ho Chi Minh Thought*, Doctoral thesis, University of Social Sciences and Humanities, Vietnam National University, Hanoi.

Le Van Cuong (2025), *Experience in Party inspection work – viewed from the 13th tenure*, *People's Army Newspaper Online*, Hanoi.

1.2.2. Studies related to the inspection work of Party committees and inspection committees at various levels

Le Van Giang (2008), *Some solutions to improve the quality of supervision by Inspection Committees at all levels*, National Political Publishing House – Truth, Hanoi.

Pham Ngoc Loi (2017), *The quality of inspection work of district-level Party Inspection Committees in the Southeast region in the current period*, Doctoral thesis, Ho Chi Minh National Academy of Politics, Hanoi.

Pham Thanh Nam (2017), *The quality of inspection work of provincial and municipal Party Inspection Committees in the Red River Delta in the current period*, Doctoral thesis, Ho Chi Minh National Academy of Politics, Hanoi.

Le Viet Cuong (2021), *Inspection by the Inspection Committee of Infantry Division Party Committees in the Vietnam People's Army of Party members showing signs of violations in the current period*, Doctoral thesis, Ho Chi Minh National Academy of Politics, Hanoi.

Ngo Thanh Bach (2022), *Improving the quality of Inspection Committees of grassroots Party Committees in academies and officer training schools of the Vietnam People's Army at present*, Doctoral thesis, Political Academy, Ministry of National Defence.

Truong Quang Hung (2023), *Assessing the current situation and proposing solutions to develop organisational structure models to improve the quality and effectiveness of Inspection Committees of commune, ward, and township Party Committees in the Bac Giang Provincial Party Organisation*, Provincial-level research project, Bac Giang Provincial People's Committee, Bac Giang.

Nguyen Quoc Hiep (2024), *Preventing and combating position- and power-seeking practices in Vietnam at present and the responsibilities and authority of Inspection Committees at all levels*, National Political Publishing House – Truth, Hanoi.

Tran Quang Cong (2024), *Handling complaints and denunciations by provincial Party Inspection Committees in the Red River Delta at present*, Doctoral thesis, Academy of Journalism and Communication, Hanoi.

Hoang Anh Tuan (2024), *The quality of inspection of Party organisations and Party members showing signs of violations by Inspection Committees of infantry regiment Party Committees at present*, Doctoral thesis, Political Academy, Ministry of National Defence.

Dao Thi Hoa (2025), *The quality of personnel of Inspection Committee agencies at the provincial Party Committee level in the Red River Delta at present*, Doctoral thesis, Academy of Journalism and Communication, Hanoi.

1.3. OVERVIEW OF THE RESEARCH FINDINGS OF RELATED WORKS AND ISSUES ADDRESSED BY THE THESIS

1.3.1. Achieving the results of inherited research and discussion projects

Firstly, in terms of theory, the reviewed studies have contributed to clarifying the position, role, and nature of inspection, supervision, and the enforcement of Party discipline as a fundamental, regular, and indispensable mode of leadership in the process of building a ruling Party.

Secondly, in terms of practice, the studies have fairly comprehensively reflected the current state of the Party's inspection work and that of inspection committees at various levels, from the central, provincial, and district levels to certain grassroots models.

Thirdly, in terms of proposed directions and solutions, the studies have put forward numerous groups of systematic solutions aimed at improving the quality and effectiveness of the Party's inspection work and that of inspection committees at all levels.

However, alongside these achievements, the existing body of research still reveals several gaps that require further clarification:

Firstly, although many studies have addressed the Party's inspection and supervision work as well as the activities of Inspection Committees at various levels, they have mainly

focused on the central, provincial, and district levels, or on specific sectors and types of Party organisations such as the military, public security forces, state-owned enterprises, and high-level administrative bodies.

Secondly, another significant research gap arises from fundamental changes in the position, role, and scope of authority of the commune-level within the current two-tier local government model, compared to the previous three-tier model (province – district – commune). Since 1 July 2025, the two-tier local government model has been officially implemented nationwide.

Thirdly, there has not yet been any study assessing the current state of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi in the context of administrative reorganisation, where the administrative boundaries and spatial scope of commune-level units have changed compared to the past.

Thus, there remains a lack of studies that closely integrate theoretical frameworks with the practical realities of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi, in order to propose highly feasible solutions that align with current practical requirements in the new context.

1.3.2. Issues addressed by the thesis

The thesis will focus on addressing the following issues:

Firstly, to clarify the theoretical and practical foundations of the inspection work of Inspection Committees of commune-level Party Committees. This includes clearly defining the scope of the commune level within the current two-tier local government model, as well as the concepts, roles, and responsibilities of Inspection Committees at this level. In addition, the thesis will analyse the conceptual content of inspection work of these committees; identify its key contents and methods; and determine the requirements for this work.

Secondly, to objectively analyse and evaluate the current state of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi. Particular attention will be given to surveying and analysing the content and methods of inspection work; on that basis, identifying achievements, limitations, and their causes, and drawing practical lessons.

Thirdly, to forecast the factors affecting the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi at present, and to propose directions and comprehensive, feasible solutions to enhance its effectiveness in the coming period. These efforts aim to strengthen Party discipline and order, build clean and strong ward-level Party organisations across the city, and meet the requirements of Party building and rectification as well as the capital's development tasks in the current stage.

Chapter 2

THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL ISSUES OF THE INSPECTION WORK OF THE INSPECTION COMMITTEES OF WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI AT PRESENT'

2.1. WARDS, PARTY ORGANISATIONS, PARTY COMMITTEES, AND INSPECTION COMMITTEES OF WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI AT PRESENT

2.1.1. Overview of Hanoi; characteristics of wards in the city at present

2.1.1.1. Overview of Hanoi

Following the implementation of the Party's and State's policy on expanding the administrative boundaries of the Capital, Hanoi (in 2008), through the merger of the former

Hanoi with Ha Tay province, several communes of Luong Son district (Hoa Binh province), and Me Linh district (Vinh Phuc province), Hanoi underwent a number of changes, including the establishment of several new urban districts such as Long Bien, Cau Giay, Tay Ho, Nam Tu Liem, and Bac Tu Liem from areas previously belonging to Gia Lam and Tu Liem districts.

In 2025, implementing the policy of merging provinces, centrally governed cities, and commune-level units, and terminating the operation of district-level administrative units, no province was merged into Hanoi. From July 2025, Hanoi has 126 commune-level administrative units, including 75 wards and 51 communes, with a total natural area of 3,359.84 km². To the northeast, the city borders Bac Ninh province (new); to the southeast, it borders Hung Yen province (new); to the south, it borders Ninh Binh province (new); and to the north and west, it borders Phu Tho and Thai Nguyen provinces (new).

In recent decades, the Capital of Hanoi has remained stable and continued to develop strongly in all aspects.

The people of Hanoi have a long-standing tradition of patriotism, a deep hatred of aggressors, and resilience and indomitability in resisting invasion, oppression, and exploitation. In particular, since the founding of the Party and its leadership of the Vietnamese revolution, the people of Hanoi have remained steadfastly loyal to the Party in resisting invaders, joining with the Party and the people nationwide to achieve great victories associated with many historic locations across the country, including numerous sites in Hanoi.

Culture and society have developed robustly, befitting the capital as a major national centre of culture, science, and education. The healthcare system has become increasingly modern, with many leading hospitals of national and international reputation headquartered and operating in Hanoi, serving not only the city but the entire country.

2.1.1.2. Characteristics of wards in Hanoi

Firstly, during the renovation period, wards have generally remained stable, and activities within their jurisdictions have progressed with increasing effectiveness; however, the number, scale, and operational scope of wards have undergone significant changes.

Secondly, wards are grassroots-level administrative units within the two-tier local government system in Vietnam from 2025; as wards of the Capital - the national political-administrative centre and a major hub for culture, science, education, the economy, and international exchange - they possess numerous advantages for comprehensive development.

Thirdly, many wards host the headquarters and offices of central and Hanoi authorities, as well as major universities, research institutes, and academies of high prestige and quality; they also contain numerous historical and cultural sites and famous scenic landmarks, creating favourable conditions for overall development, particularly in culture and tourism.

Fourthly, wards in Hanoi are highly diverse, encompassing various types; each type has its own advantages for development but also faces considerable difficulties and challenges.

Fifthly, under the implementation of the two-tier local government model, wards have many favourable conditions for development; however, they also face significant challenges and must effectively meet the comprehensive development demands of the Capital - the heart of the nation.

2.1.2. Party organisations, Party Committees, and Party members of ward-level Party organisations in Hanoi at present

2.1.2.1. Ward-level Party organisations and Party Committees in Hanoi at present

**** Overview of ward-level Party organisations in Hanoi***

At present, Hanoi has 51 ward-level Party organisations established in 51 wards of the city. According to Regulation No. 298-QĐ/TW dated 9 June 2025 of the Secretariat “*on the functions, tasks, and organisational structure of Party Committees that are the immediate superior of grassroots Party organisations in communes, wards, and special administrative units*”, ward-level Party organisations in Hanoi are Party organisations at the immediate superior level of grassroots organisations. They include Party cells directly subordinate to the ward-level Party Committee, such as: residential group Party cells; Party cells in ward-level agencies and units; the ward police Party cell; school Party cells; healthcare Party cells; and Party cells in public service units and small enterprises. In some ward-level Party organisations, there are also Party cells of public service units and small enterprises operating within the ward; additionally, in certain wards, some Party cells of state agencies and state-owned enterprises have been reassigned to fall under the ward-level Party Committee in accordance with Party management decentralisation.

**** Ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi – functions, tasks, and authority***

According to the Party Charter, the ward-level Party Committee is the leadership body of the ward-level Party organisation between Party congresses. Under Regulation No. 298-QĐ/TW dated 9 June 2025 of the Secretariat, the ward-level Party Committee in Hanoi is the immediate superior Party committee of grassroots Party cells within the ward, directly under the Hanoi Party Committee, and subject to the direct and regular leadership and direction of the Standing Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee.

Functions of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

According to the aforementioned Regulation No. 298-QĐ/TW, it is clearly stated that: “*Party Committees that are the immediate superior of grassroots organisations at the commune level have the function of providing direct and comprehensive leadership and direction at the commune level; leading and directing agencies and organisations within the commune-level political system, as well as subordinate Party committees and organisations, in accordance with the Party Charter and regulations and guidelines of the Central Committee and provincial-level Party Committees.*”

From this regulation, it can be seen that ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi have the function of leadership and direction. However, the Party has affirmed that “*leadership without inspection is tantamount to no leadership.*” At the same time, the current Party Charter stipulates that “*inspection and supervision are functions of Party leadership.*”

Thus, ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi also have the function of inspection and supervision. However, this function is embedded within their broader function of leadership and direction. In other words, when referring to the functions of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi as leadership and direction, it should be understood that inspection and supervision are integral components of these functions.

Tasks and authority of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

According to Regulation No. 298-QĐ/TW, the Party Committees that are the immediate superior of grassroots Party organisations in communes, wards, and special administrative units are assigned 15 tasks and powers. These can be summarised forward-level Party Committees in Hanoi as follows:

1. To lead and direct agencies and organisations within the ward-level political system, as well as subordinate Party committees, organisations, cadres, and Party members.

2. To lead, direct, organise implementation, and conduct preliminary and final reviews of resolutions and directives of the Central Committee, the Politburo, the Secretariat, the Hanoi Party Committee, and resolutions of the ward-level Party Committee.
3. To lead Party building in political, ideological, and ethical aspects; and to promote the study and following of Ho Chi Minh's ideology, morality, and style.
4. To lead and direct subordinate Party organisations in fulfilling their functions and tasks effectively; and to lead the development and operation of the ward-level political system.
5. To lead and direct the building of clean and strong subordinate Party organisations capable of effectively fulfilling their functions and tasks.
6. To lead organisational and personnel work.
7. To lead the renewal and consolidation of the organisational structure of the ward-level political system.
8. Based on regulations and guidelines of the Central Committee and the Hanoi Party Committee, to develop plans for Party congresses and to lead and direct Party congresses of subordinate organisations.
9. To conduct self-criticism and criticism, questioning, and the organisation of confidence votes for leadership and management positions in accordance with regulations; and to provide opinions on annual self-assessment results of the Standing Committee.
10. To lead, direct, and organise the implementation of inspection, supervision, and Party discipline tasks.
11. To lead the organisation and operation of the ward-level government.
12. To lead the implementation of all-people national defence, local military work, and policies for military rear support; and to maintain political security, social order, and safety within the locality.
13. To decide on matters related to the management of finance and assets of the Party committee and Party organisation within its authority; and to review and provide opinions on Party finance annually and at the end of each term.
14. To review and provide opinions on matters resolved by the Standing Committee between Party Committee meetings; and to decide on other important issues submitted by the Standing Committee.
15. To perform other tasks assigned by higher-level Party committees.

2.1.2.2. Characteristics of Party members of ward-level Party organisations in Hanoi at present

Firstly, the number of Party members in ward-level Party organisations in Hanoi is very large, among the highest compared to ward-level Party organisations nationwide.

Secondly, the composition of Party members is highly diverse; retired members account for a significant proportion; in many wards, there are a considerable number of members who previously held senior positions at the central and Hanoi levels; and the number of Party members participating in activities under Regulation No. 213-QĐ/TW of the Politburo is substantial.

Thirdly, Party members of ward-level Party organisations in Hanoi operate in the inner-city areas of the Capital, where they enjoy many favourable conditions and prominent advantages for achieving effective and high-quality performance.

Fourthly, the population of wards - the leadership target group of ward-level Party organisations - is very large and diverse. This serves as an important factor in enhancing the

leadership capacity of ward-level Party organisations and their members, but it also poses considerable difficulties and challenges for Party members' activities.

2.1.3. Inspection Committees and their agencies of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi – concepts, functions, tasks, authority, organisational structure, personnel, organisational principles, and working regulations

2.1.3.1. Concept of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

The Inspection Committee of a ward-level Party Committee in Hanoi is a Party organisation established within the ward-level Party organisation of the city, elected by the ward-level Party Committee or appointed by the Standing Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee. It comprises a number of members from within the Party Committee and some members from outside it; it is the specialised inspection body of the ward-level Party Committee, performing its functions, tasks, and authority in accordance with Party regulations.

2.1.3.2. Functions of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

Firstly, it is the specialised body responsible for inspection and supervision of the ward-level Party Committee.

Secondly, it coordinates with, assists, and advises the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee on organisational and personnel matters related to the Inspection Committee.

2.1.3.3. Tasks and authority of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

**** Tasks of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi***

According to Article 32 of the current Party Charter on the tasks of Inspection Committees at all levels, the tasks of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi can be identified as follows:

Firstly, to inspect Party members, including members of the ward-level Party Committee, when there are signs of violations of Party member standards, Party committee member standards, and in the performance of Party member duties.

Secondly, to inspect subordinate Party organisations when there are signs of violations in the implementation of the Political Platform, the Party Charter, Party resolutions and directives, and the Party's organisational principles; and to inspect the performance of inspection, supervision, and Party discipline enforcement tasks.

Thirdly, to supervise members of the ward-level Party Committee, officials under the management of the ward-level Party Committee, and subordinate Party organisations in the implementation of the Party's guidelines, policies, and resolutions of the ward-level Party Committee, as well as in their ethics and lifestyle in accordance with regulations of the Central Committee.

Fourthly, to examine and conclude cases of disciplinary violations, and to decide on or propose disciplinary measures for Party organisations and members within the ward-level Party organisation.

Fifthly, to resolve denunciations against Party organisations and Party members; and to handle complaints related to Party discipline of Party organisations and members within the ward-level Party organisation.

Sixthly, to inspect the financial management of subordinate Party committees and the financial body of the ward-level Party Committee.

**** Authority of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi***

According to Article 7 of Regulation No. 296-QĐ/TW dated 30 May 2025, the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi has the authority to request subordinate Party organisations and Party members within the ward-level Party organisation to provide documents related to inspection and supervision matters when carrying out these tasks.

2.1.3.4. Organisational structure, personnel, organisational principles, and working regulations of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

** Organisational structure and personnel of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi*

According to Regulation No. 296-QĐ/TW dated 30 May 2025, the Inspection Committee of a ward-level Party Committee in Hanoi consists of between three and seven full-time members (as decided by the ward-level Party Committee). The head of the Inspection Committee is either the Deputy Secretary or a member of the Standing Committee of the ward-level Party Committee; there are also one to two deputy heads, of whom at least one must be a member of the ward-level Party Committee.

** Organisational principles of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi*

According to Regulation No. 296-QĐ/TW, the Inspection Committee of the ward-level Party Committee in Hanoi is elected by the ward-level Party Committee; its term corresponds to that of the Party Committee. The new Inspection Committee assumes its duties immediately after being elected and receiving the handover from the previous term. The head of the Inspection Committee is authorised to sign and issue documents immediately after being elected or appointed. Members of the Inspection Committee must be approved by the Hanoi Party Committee; any transfer or reassignment of members to other positions must also receive approval from the Hanoi Party Committee.

** Working regulations of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi*

According to Regulation No. 296-QĐ/TW, the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi operates under the principle of democratic centralism, working collectively and making decisions by majority. It is subject to the direct leadership of the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee, and to the guidance, direction, inspection, and supervision of the Inspection Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee in matters such as:

Firstly, performing tasks and exercising authority in accordance with the Party Charter, regulations of the Central Committee, and guidance of the Central Inspection Committee.

Secondly, determining orientations, tasks, and professional practices related to inspection, supervision, and Party discipline enforcement; and advising on and developing annual thematic inspection and supervision programmes.

Thirdly, reporting and providing information and documents related to inspection and supervision activities conducted by higher-level Inspection Committees.

Fourthly, disseminating and promoting Party inspection, supervision, and discipline work.

Fifthly, when necessary, the Inspection Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee may direct the resolution of specific issues arising in the implementation of inspection, supervision, and Party discipline enforcement by ward-level Inspection Committees.

2.1.3.5. The agency of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

According to regulations, the agency of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi is the body that advises and assists the Inspection Committee in performing its functions, tasks, and authority related to inspection, supervision, and Party discipline in accordance with the Party Charter, and in carrying out tasks assigned by the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee. At the same time, it serves as the specialised professional body for inspection, supervision, and Party discipline of the ward-level Party Committee.

**** Functions of the agency of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi***

According to Regulation No. 299-QĐ/TW dated 9 June 2025, the agency of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi has the following functions:

Firstly, to advise and assist the Inspection Committee in performing its functions, tasks, and authority related to inspection, supervision, and Party discipline in accordance with the Party Charter.

Secondly, to perform tasks assigned by the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee.

Thirdly, to serve as a specialised professional body for inspection, supervision, and Party discipline of the ward-level Party Committee.

Fourthly, to act as a specialised advisory and assisting body to the ward-level Party Committee in the field of inspection, supervision, and enforcement of Party discipline (together with Party-building commissions and the Party Committee office, forming the system of specialised advisory bodies assisting the ward-level Party Committee).

**** Tasks of the agency of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi***

Firstly, research, proposal, and implementation: to study and propose issues related to inspection, supervision, and enforcement of Party discipline for both the ward-level Party Committee and its Inspection Committee; to address matters related to the leadership of the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee; and to conduct preliminary and final reviews of inspection, supervision, and Party discipline work within the ward-level Party organisation.

Secondly, guidance, inspection, and supervision: to guide, inspect, and supervise Party committees, Party organisations, and Party members within the ward-level Party organisation in implementing inspection, supervision, and Party discipline work; and to provide professional guidance on inspection, supervision, and Party discipline, as well as related matters, for Inspection Committees of subordinate Party committees and their personnel.

Thirdly, appraisal and verification: to appraise and verify proposals and documents of Party bodies, government agencies, the Vietnam Fatherland Front, and socio-political organisations on matters related to inspection, supervision, and Party discipline within the ward-level Party organisation before submission to the Standing Committee and the ward-level Party Committee.

Fourthly, coordination: to coordinate with relevant agencies and organisations in performing tasks, and to organise training and professional development in inspection, supervision, and Party discipline for Party committee members, inspection officials, and civil servants of the ward-level Party Committee and its subordinate Party organisations.

Fifthly, to perform other tasks assigned by the Standing Committee, the Standing Office of the ward-level Party Committee, and the Inspection Committee of the ward-level Party Committee.

** Organisational structure and staffing of the agency of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi*

The agency of the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi includes leadership personnel, namely the head and deputy heads. The number of deputy heads is determined by the Standing Committee of the ward-level Party Committee in accordance with Central regulations. The head of the Inspection Committee serves as the head of the agency. Staffing levels are determined by the Standing Committee of the ward-level Party Committee in accordance with Party regulations.

2.2. INSPECTION WORK OF THE INSPECTION COMMITTEES OF WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI

2.2.1. Inspection by the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi – concept, content, forms, methods, principles, and procedures

2.2.1.1. Concept of “inspection by the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi”

Inspection by the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi refers to the activities of these committees in examining, assessing, and concluding on the strengths, shortcomings, or violations of subordinate Party committees, Party organisations, and Party members within ward-level Party organisations in the implementation of Party guidelines and regulations, as well as State laws.

2.2.1.2. Content of inspection by the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

Firstly, inspecting Party members, including members of ward-level Party Committees, and inspecting subordinate Party organisations when there are signs of violations. *Secondly*, inspecting the implementation of inspection and supervision tasks. *Thirdly*, inspecting the enforcement of Party discipline. *Fourthly*, inspecting the financial management of subordinate Party committees and the financial body of the ward-level Party Committee.

2.2.1.3. Forms and methods of inspection by the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

** Forms of inspection*

Inspection is conducted in the following forms: regular inspection; periodic inspection; and ad hoc inspection.

** Methods of inspection*

The methods include: relying on Party organisations within the ward-level Party organisation during the inspection process; promoting self-awareness, self-criticism, and criticism among inspected Party organisations and members; promoting the role of the ward’s population in Party building through participation in inspection activities; emphasising and effectively conducting verification and appraisal during inspections; and closely coordinating inspection activities of the Inspection Committee with administrative inspection conducted by relevant agencies at ward and city levels.

In particular, priority is given to the most essential content of inspection work - inspection when there are signs of violations - while also placing special emphasis on the effective use of methods for detecting and identifying such signs of violations.

2.2.1.4. Principles and procedures of inspection by the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

** Principles of inspection by the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees*

Firstly, inspection is the most essential function and task of the Inspection Committee; it must be carried out in accordance with the Party Charter, and Party organisations and members within the ward-level Party organisation must regularly conduct self-inspection.

Secondly, inspection activities are conducted under the leadership and direction of the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee.

Thirdly, inspection must promptly identify new and positive factors to promote, protect what is right, and safeguard individuals who act in good faith, including cadres who are proactive, innovative, and willing to take responsibility for the common good.

Fourthly, inspection when there are signs of violations is a core task of the Inspection Committee; early detection must be ensured to prevent, halt, and rectify shortcomings and violations, avoiding their accumulation into serious, prolonged, or widespread misconduct; violations must be handled resolutely, strictly, and in a timely manner.

Fifthly, inspection must strictly adhere to principles, procedures, processes, authority, and methods as prescribed by the Party; it must be conducted proactively, promptly, transparently, democratically, objectively, fairly, prudently, rigorously, accurately, and strictly.

Sixthly, all Party organisations and members within the ward-level Party organisation are subject to inspection by the Inspection Committee, without exception.

** Procedures for conducting an inspection by the Inspection Committee of ward-level Party Committees*

Firstly, the Inspection Committee develops and issues the inspection decision.

Secondly, the Inspection Committee disseminates and implements the inspection decision, inspection plan, and establishes the inspection team.

Thirdly, the Inspection Committee conducts the inspection.

Fourthly, the inspection team consolidates verification results, drafts the inspection conclusion, discusses within the team, and notifies the inspected Party organisation or member and relevant entities of the draft conclusion; it also determines issues within its authority, issues requiring further verification, and issues beyond its authority that must be reported to and seek guidance from the Standing Committee of the ward-level Party Committee.

Fifthly, the Inspection Committee announces the inspection conclusion and any Party disciplinary measures (if violations warrant disciplinary action).

Sixthly, the Inspection Committee conducts a review of the inspection, draws lessons learned, and stabilises the inspected Party organisation to ensure effective leadership in fulfilling its political tasks.

2.2.2. Inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi – concept, content, and role

2.2.2.1. Concept of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

Inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi refers to the activities of these committees in developing inspection programmes and plans for each term and annually; issuing inspection decisions in accordance with the Party Charter; organising implementation; participating in and serving as the core force in inspections conducted by the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee; participating in inspections conducted by the Party Committee office and Party-building

commissions when required; providing professional training and guidance on inspection work and Party discipline for subordinate Party committees and officials; conducting preliminary and final reviews and drawing lessons learned; thereby contributing to building a clean and strong ward-level Party organisation and ensuring the successful implementation of its political tasks.

2.2.2.2. Content of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

Firstly, to develop inspection programmes and plans of the Inspection Committee for each term and annually; and, based on the operational situation of Party organisations and Party members within the ward-level Party organisation, to issue inspection decisions in accordance with the Party Charter.

Secondly, to organise the implementation of inspection programmes and plans, and to carry out inspection decisions in accordance with the defined content, methods, and procedures of inspection.

Thirdly, to participate in and act as the core force in inspections conducted by the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee; and to participate in inspections conducted by the Party Committee office and Party-building commissions when required.

Fourthly, to provide professional training in inspection work and to guide subordinate Party committees, inspection personnel, and officials of the Party Committee office and Party-building commissions on inspection work and Party discipline.

Fifthly, to conduct preliminary and final reviews and draw lessons learned on inspection work annually, mid-term, and at the end of each term.

2.2.3. Role of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi

Firstly, it is one of the key factors ensuring sound and high-quality leadership by the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee in Hanoi.

Secondly, it plays a significant role in preventing and addressing shortcomings and violations among Party committees, Party organisations, and Party members, thereby contributing to building a clean and strong ward-level Party organisation capable of successfully fulfilling its political tasks.

Thirdly, it is an essential factor in building strong and effective ward-level government, the Vietnam Fatherland Front, and socio-political organisations, enabling them to fulfil their respective functions and tasks and contribute to the successful implementation of the ward-level Party organisation's political tasks.

Fourthly, it contributes to strengthening and enhancing the trust of the ward's population in the leadership of the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee, thereby creating a powerful driving force for the successful fulfilment of political tasks.

Chapter 2 summary

Chapter 2 of the thesis clarifies theoretical and practical issues related to the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi, thereby providing a basis for surveying and assessing the current state of this work in recent years, identifying strengths, shortcomings, their causes, and drawing lessons learned. On that basis, it proposes directions and solutions. In particular, a key issue is the identification of the content of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees.

Chapter 3
INSPECTION WORK OF THE INSPECTION COMMITTEES
OF WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI AT PRESENT – CURRENT
SITUATION, CAUSES, AND LESSONS

3.1. CURRENT SITUATION OF INSPECTION WORK OF THE INSPECTION COMMITTEES OF WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI

3.1.1. Strengths

Firstly, the development of inspection programmes and plans of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees for each term and annually has been carried out on the basis of the operational situation of Party organisations and Party members within the ward-level Party organisation; inspection decisions have been issued in accordance with the Party Charter and aligned with practical conditions.

Secondly, the Inspection Committees have organised and implemented their inspection programmes and plans, as well as inspection decisions, in accordance with inspection content, methods, and procedures with increasing effectiveness, thereby making positive contributions to Party building.

Thirdly, the Inspection Committees have effectively fulfilled their role as participants and core forces in inspections conducted by the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee, and have participated in inspections conducted by the Party Committee office and Party-building commissions when required.

Fourthly, due attention has been given to professional training in inspection work and to guiding subordinate Party committees, inspection personnel, and officials of specialised advisory bodies assisting the ward-level Party Committee, thereby contributing to enhancing the capacity of inspection personnel.

Fifthly, preliminary and final reviews and the drawing of lessons learned on inspection work - conducted annually, mid-term, and for the entire term - have been carried out relatively seriously, contributing to improving the quality of inspection work.

3.1.2. Limitations

Firstly, the development of inspection programmes and plans for each term and annually, as well as the issuance of inspection decisions based on the operational situation of Party organisations and Party members, still has certain limitations.

Secondly, the organisation and implementation of inspection programmes, plans, and inspection decisions in terms of content, methods, and procedures have, at times, not fully met practical requirements.

Thirdly, participation as a core force in inspections conducted by the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee, as well as participation in inspections by the Party Committee office and Party-building commissions, has in some cases not fully demonstrated professional roles and has occasionally taken on a more administrative or supportive nature.

Fourthly, in some localities, professional training and guidance on inspection work and Party discipline for subordinate Party committees, inspection personnel, and officials of specialised advisory bodies remain somewhat formalistic and have not fully met the requirements for improving inspection quality in the new context.

Fifthly, preliminary and final reviews and the drawing of lessons learned on inspection work - conducted annually, mid-term, and for the entire term - have, in some

cases, not achieved the desired effectiveness and have not fully fulfilled their role as a key stage in improving methods and enhancing the quality of inspection work.

3.2. CAUSES AND LESSONS OF INSPECTION WORK OF THE INSPECTION COMMITTEES OF WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI

3.2.1. Causes

3.2.1.1. Causes of strengths

Firstly, the regular attention, leadership, and direction of the Party Central Committee, the Hanoi Party Committee, and Party committees at all levels towards inspection and supervision work.

Secondly, the awareness of Party committees, Party organisations, and cadres and Party members regarding the role of inspection work has increasingly improved.

Thirdly, the system of regulations and guidelines on inspection and supervision issued by the Party has been increasingly refined and completed.

Fourthly, the efforts and proactiveness of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees and inspection personnel.

Fifthly, the socio-economic conditions and management capacity in Hanoi have created a favourable environment for inspection work.

Sixthly, the increasingly active participation of the Vietnam Fatherland Front, socio-political organisations, the people, and mass media has made an important contribution to improving the effectiveness of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi.

3.2.1.2. Causes of limitations

Firstly, in some places, the awareness of Party committees and Party organisations regarding the role of inspection work remains insufficient and not yet profound.

Secondly, the capacity and experience of a portion of inspection personnel at the grassroots level remain limited.

Thirdly, coordination between the Inspection Committees and advisory and assisting bodies of Party committees in some cases has not been sufficiently close.

Fourthly, organisational conditions and resources supporting inspection work at the ward level remain limited.

Fifthly, the complex nature of issues arising from urban development in Hanoi poses significant challenges for inspection work.

3.2.2. Lessons learned from inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi in recent years

Firstly, placing inspection work under the direct and regular leadership of Party committees is a crucial condition for improving its effectiveness.

Secondly, proactively developing inspection programmes and plans in line with local characteristics and practical requirements.

Thirdly, placing emphasis on improving the capacity, qualifications, and political steadfastness of inspection personnel.

Fourthly, strengthening coordination between Inspection Committees and advisory bodies of Party committees, as well as relevant agencies, in the implementation of inspection tasks.

Fifthly, regularly conducting preliminary and final reviews and drawing lessons learned from practical inspection work.

Chapter 3 summary

Overall, the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi in recent years has achieved positive results, making an important contribution to maintaining Party discipline and order, and enhancing the leadership capacity and combat strength of grassroots Party organisations. In the context of increasingly high demands for Party building and rectification, continuing to promote these achievements while addressing existing limitations will serve as an important foundation for further improving the effectiveness of Party inspection work at the grassroots level, thereby contributing to building an increasingly clean and strong Hanoi Party organisation.

Chapter 4

DIRECTIONS AND SOLUTIONS TO STRENGTHEN INSPECTION WORK OF THE INSPECTION COMMITTEES OF WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI IN THE COMING PERIOD

4.1. FORECAST OF INFLUENCING FACTORS AND DIRECTIONS FOR STRENGTHENING INSPECTION WORK OF THE INSPECTION COMMITTEES OF WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI IN THE COMING PERIOD

4.1.1. Forecast of factors affecting the strengthening of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi in the coming period

4.1.1.1. Favourable factors

Firstly, in the coming years, the renovation process in Vietnam under the Party's leadership is expected to achieve even greater accomplishments, with significant contributions from Hanoi and its wards, thereby encouraging the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees to further fulfil their functions and tasks.

Secondly, the results of Party building and rectification across the Party in recent years, including contributions from the Inspection Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee and ward-level Inspection Committees, are expected to continue improving, providing strong motivation and encouragement for ward-level Inspection Committees to better perform their tasks.

Thirdly, the tasks and solutions on inspection work outlined in the Documents of the Fourteenth National Party Congress, the Hanoi Party Congress for the 2025-2030 term, and the Resolution of the Second Plenary Session of the Fourteenth Central Committee on inspection and supervision provide an important basis for ward-level Inspection Committees to determine directions and solutions for strengthening inspection work in the coming period.

Fourthly, the Politburo has issued policies and is directing the review of the implementation of the Resolution of the Fifth Plenary Session of the Tenth Central Committee on “*Strengthening the Party's inspection and supervision work*” and the promulgation of a new resolution. This represents a major advantage for ward-level Inspection Committees in strengthening inspection work in the coming period.

Fifthly, scientific and technological development in the coming years will continue to advance significantly, providing essential and valuable tools for ward-level Inspection Committees in Hanoi to effectively perform and further enhance inspection work.

4.1.1.2. Challenges

Firstly, the qualifications, capacity, skills, and experience of members of ward-level Inspection Committees in Hanoi remain limited and not fully commensurate with the requirements of their roles as members of Inspection Committees at the immediate superior level of grassroots Party organisations.

Secondly, the moral degradation and negative behaviour of a portion of cadres and Party members have had an impact on some inspection personnel; unresolved issues related to misconduct and degradation in certain ward-level Party organisations prior to administrative mergers also place considerable pressure on newly established Inspection Committees in strengthening inspection work in the coming period.

Thirdly, newly established ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi are required to lead the implementation of numerous new, demanding, and complex tasks, while the capacity of ward-level cadres remains limited; this creates conditions in which misconduct and degradation may arise and become serious, posing a major challenge for Inspection Committees.

Fourthly, there are still shortcomings and limitations in the performance of functions and tasks by the agencies of ward-level Inspection Committees, as well as by specialised advisory bodies assisting ward-level Party Committees, and in the work of supervision and social criticism by the Vietnam Fatherland Front and socio-political organisations at the ward level.

Fifthly, the living conditions of many inspection personnel and staff of the Inspection Committee agencies remain difficult, which to some extent affects the performance of their duties and responsibilities.

4.1.2. Directions for strengthening inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi in the coming period

Firstly, to thoroughly grasp the Documents of the Fourteenth National Party Congress and the Documents of the Eighteenth Congress of the Hanoi Party Organisation on inspection work, especially the Resolution of the Second Plenary Session of the Fourteenth Central Committee, thereby creating a shift in awareness among members of the Inspection Committee, staff of its agency, and the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee regarding the strengthening of inspection work in the coming period.

Secondly, to focus on consolidating and improving the quality of the Inspection Committee, its agency, and inspection personnel of the ward-level Party Committee, ensuring the effective performance of assigned tasks.

Thirdly, to concentrate on effectively performing the core task of the Inspection Committee, which is inspecting Party members - including members of the ward-level Party Committee - as well as subordinate Party committees and organisations when there are signs of violations.

Fourthly, to strengthen coordination between the Inspection Committee of the ward-level Party Committee and relevant agencies in conducting inspection work and in implementing tasks to enhance inspection work.

Fifthly, to create a strong shift in the leadership and direction of the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee towards the Inspection Committee in strengthening inspection work.

4.2. SOLUTIONS TO STRENGTHEN INSPECTION WORK OF THE INSPECTION COMMITTEES OF WARD-LEVEL PARTY COMMITTEES IN HANOI IN THE COMING PERIOD

4.2.1. Enhancing awareness and responsibility of the Inspection Committees, their agencies, ward-level Party Committees, Standing Committees, Party committees

at all levels, cadres, Party members, and organisations within the ward-level political system regarding the strengthening of inspection work

Firstly, to place strong emphasis on improving awareness and responsibility of the Inspection Committees and their agencies; ward-level Party Committees and their Standing Committees; Party Committee offices and Party-building commissions; Party committees at all levels; organisations within the political system; and cadres and Party members of ward-level Party organisations regarding the strengthening of inspection work.

Secondly, to focus on enhancing awareness and responsibility of the above-mentioned actors regarding the Party's guidelines, tasks, and solutions on inspection work, as well as those of the Hanoi Party Committee, especially in the current term.

Thirdly, to appropriately apply effective forms and methods to improve awareness and responsibility among inspection personnel, Party committees, Party organisations, cadres, Party members, organisations within the political system, and the ward's population in Hanoi regarding the strengthening of inspection work.

4.2.2. Building strong Inspection Committees, their agencies, and teams of members of ward-level Party Committee Inspection Committees to meet the requirements of strengthening inspection work in the coming period

Firstly, to consolidate and stabilise the organisational structure of the Inspection Committees and their agencies to ensure effective performance of their new functions and tasks.

Secondly, to promote training and capacity-building to enhance qualifications, competencies, skills, and experience in inspection work for members of the Inspection Committees and staff of their agencies, enabling them to effectively fulfil their assigned responsibilities.

Thirdly, to place emphasis on effectively implementing all aspects of personnel work in order to build a high-quality team of Inspection Committee members capable of fulfilling their responsibilities and ensuring the effectiveness of inspection work.

Fourthly, to develop and strictly implement working regulations, as well as inspection programmes and plans of the Inspection Committees, while placing importance on preliminary and final reviews and drawing lessons learned.

4.2.3. Accurately determining the content of each inspection, selecting appropriate forms and methods, strictly implementing principles and procedures, and emphasising inspection when there are signs of violations

4.2.3.1. Accurately determining inspection content, selecting appropriate forms and methods, and strictly implementing principles and procedures

Firstly, the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi must thoroughly grasp the operational situation of Party committees, Party organisations, cadres, and Party members within the ward-level Party organisation in order to accurately determine the content of each inspection.

Secondly, to adopt effective measures to ensure a comprehensive understanding of the operational situation of Party committees, Party organisations, cadres, and Party members, thereby providing a sound basis for determining inspection content.

Thirdly, to select appropriate forms and methods for each inspection; to strictly adhere to inspection principles during implementation; and to apply inspection procedures flexibly and creatively.

4.2.3.2. Emphasising inspection when there are signs of violations

Firstly, to develop a deep understanding of the role and significance of conducting inspections when there are signs of violations, and to eliminate incorrect perceptions regarding this type of inspection.

Secondly, to improve the capacity to detect and identify signs of violations among cadres, Party members, and subordinate Party organisations.

Thirdly, to ensure that inspection personnel apply inspection methods flexibly and properly implement procedures when conducting inspections involving signs of violations.

Fourthly, to closely integrate inspections conducted upon signs of violations with supervision work, the resolution of denunciations by the Inspection Committees, and inspection work conducted by ward-level Party Committees.

4.2.4. Closely coordinating inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees with inspection work of Party Committee offices, Party-building commissions, and administrative inspection of ward-level People's Committees

Firstly, to enhance the awareness of members of the Inspection Committees, as well as staff of Party Committee offices and Party-building commissions, regarding the coordination between inspection work of the Inspection Committees and that of these bodies, as well as with administrative inspection conducted by functional agencies of ward-level People's Committees.

Secondly, for the Inspection Committees to proactively select and effectively implement appropriate content, forms, and methods of coordination between their inspection work and that of Party Committee offices, Party-building commissions, and functional inspection bodies of ward-level People's Committees.

Thirdly, to develop and strictly implement regulations and rules governing the coordination between inspection work of the Inspection Committees and that of Party Committee offices, Party-building commissions, and administrative inspection bodies of ward-level People's Committees.

Fourthly, to attach importance to preliminary and final reviews and to drawing lessons learned from the implementation of coordination mechanisms, and to revise and improve these regulations and rules accordingly.

Fifthly, to strengthen the leadership and direction of ward-level Party Committees in the development and implementation of coordination mechanisms between inspection work of the Inspection Committees, inspection work of Party Committee offices and Party-building commissions, and administrative inspection conducted by agencies of ward-level People's Committees.

4.2.5. Promoting the role of the Vietnam Fatherland Front and socio-political organisations at the ward level in inspection work; emphasising and effectively conducting reviews and drawing lessons learned

4.2.5.1. Promoting the role of the Vietnam Fatherland Front and socio-political organisations at the ward level in inspection work

Firstly, inspection personnel of ward-level Party Committees, especially members of the Inspection Committees, along with the Vietnam Fatherland Front and socio-political organisations - particularly key officials - must develop a correct, comprehensive, and in-depth understanding of the role of these organisations in strengthening inspection work.

Secondly, to focus on consolidating organisational structures and building a capable workforce within the Vietnam Fatherland Front and socio-political organisations at the ward level, ensuring they can effectively fulfil their functions and tasks and actively contribute to strengthening inspection work.

Thirdly, the Standing Committee of the ward-level Party Committee should lead and direct the development and implementation of regulations governing the participation of the Vietnam Fatherland Front and socio-political organisations in strengthening inspection work, while creating favourable conditions for these organisations to perform effectively.

4.2.5.2. Emphasising and effectively conducting reviews and drawing lessons learned from inspection work

Firstly, to institutionalise and maintain regular preliminary and final reviews and the drawing of lessons learned on inspection work of the Inspection Committees.

Secondly, to improve the quality of these reviews and the process of drawing lessons learned.

Thirdly, to strictly comply with the leadership and direction of the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee; and to promote the participation of advisory bodies assisting the Party Committee, the Vietnam Fatherland Front, socio-political organisations, cadres, Party members, and the ward's population in conducting reviews and drawing lessons learned from inspection work.

4.2.6. Strengthening the leadership and direction of ward-level Party Committees and their Standing Committees; and enhancing the guidance, inspection, and supervision of the Inspection Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee

4.2.6.1. Strengthening the leadership and direction of ward-level Party Committees and their Standing Committees over inspection work

Firstly, the ward-level Party Committee, and directly and regularly its Standing Committee, should attach importance to leading and directing the Inspection Committee to thoroughly grasp and fully understand its new functions and tasks, and to concretise and organise their implementation.

Secondly, the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee should strengthen leadership and direction in guiding the Inspection Committee to develop inspection programmes and plans for the entire term, mid-term, and annually, and to organise their implementation.

Thirdly, the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee should emphasise leadership and direction in consolidating the organisational structure of the Inspection Committee and improving the quality of its personnel, especially its members, to meet the requirements of their assigned responsibilities.

Fourthly, the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee should strengthen leadership and direction in ensuring close coordination between the Inspection Committee and specialised advisory bodies assisting the Party Committee, as well as inspection bodies of the ward-level People's Committee, the Vietnam Fatherland Front, and socio-political organisations.

Fifthly, the ward-level Party Committee and its Standing Committee should strengthen leadership and direction over preliminary and final reviews and the drawing of lessons learned from inspection work.

4.2.6.2. Strengthening the guidance, inspection, and supervision of the Inspection Committee and its agency of the Hanoi Party Committee

Firstly, the Inspection Committee and its agency of the Hanoi Party Committee should thoroughly understand and effectively perform their functions and tasks, particularly those related to inspection work of ward-level Inspection Committees; ward-level Inspection Committees should fully and promptly receive guidance and direction from the higher-level Inspection Committee and its agency.

Secondly, the Inspection Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee should strengthen its direction to ward-level Inspection Committees regarding key orientations and priority tasks in inspection work over specific periods; inspection programmes and plans; and coordination in conducting complex inspections.

Thirdly, the Inspection Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee should enhance its inspection and supervision of ward-level Inspection Committees in performing their assigned functions and tasks, with particular attention to key tasks and inspections when there are signs of violations.

Fourthly, the agency of the Inspection Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee should assign personnel to monitor and closely follow inspection work at the ward level, including that of ward-level Inspection Committees; and should institutionalise regular quarterly coordination meetings on inspection work between the city-level Inspection Committee, its agency, and ward-level Inspection Committees.

Fifthly, the Inspection Committee of the Hanoi Party Committee should closely coordinate with ward-level Party Committees and their Standing Committees in organisational and personnel work, particularly in strengthening the organisational structure of ward-level Inspection Committees and building a capable team of members to meet the requirements of enhanced inspection work.

Chapter 4 summary

Strengthening the inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi in the coming years will benefit from favourable conditions, but will also face significant challenges. Effectively leveraging these favourable factors while overcoming existing difficulties requires focusing on key directions and thoroughly implementing the aforementioned solutions, with particular emphasis on the breakthrough solution proposed by the thesis.

CONCLUSION

The inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi at present is not only an important leadership function but also a direct instrument contributing to maintaining Party discipline and order, ensuring unity of will and action across the entire grassroots political system.

Through a systematic research process, the thesis has clarified both theoretical and practical aspects. From a theoretical perspective, the thesis contributes to systematising and clarifying the conceptual content of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees under current conditions, placing it in relation to the Party's leadership function at the grassroots level.

From a practical perspective, the survey results indicate that inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi has achieved many positive outcomes in recent years; however, it still reveals certain limitations.

On that basis, the thesis proposes a relatively comprehensive system of solutions aimed at improving the effectiveness of inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi in the coming period.

From these research findings, the thesis also opens up directions for further study, such as in-depth research on thematic inspections in sensitive sectors; examination of coordination mechanisms between Party inspection and state inspection and auditing; or assessment of the impact of digital transformation on grassroots inspection work. This demonstrates that inspection work is not a static field but one that is constantly evolving, requiring continuous innovation in both thinking and methods of implementation.

AUTHOR'S PUBLICATIONS RELATED TO THE THESIS TOPIC

1. Nguyen Huong Giang (2022), “Some solutions to improve the quality of the political system in Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi at present”, *Journal of Political Theory and Communication*, Special Issue No. 2 (October 2022), pp. 134–136.
2. Nguyen Huong Giang (2024), “Improving the operational quality of the Internal Affairs Commission of the Bac Giang Provincial Party Committee at present”, *Journal of Political Theory Scientific Information*, No. 10 (116) (2024), pp. 77–81.
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7. Nguyen Huong Giang (2026), “Some theoretical issues on inspection work of the Inspection Committees of ward-level Party Committees in Hanoi”, *Journal of Youth Scientific Research*, No. 95 (8 April 2026), pp. 51-53.